# HBP Validation Framework - Python Client Documentation

Release 0.7.0

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Sep 29, 2022

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**Quick Overview** 

We discuss here some of the terms used in this documentation.

- **Model** A Model or Model description consists of all the information pertaining to a model excluding details of the source code (i.e. implementation). The model would specify metadata describing the model type and its domain of utility. The source code is specified via the model instance (see below).
- **Model Instance** This defines a particular version of a model by specifying the location of the source code for the model. A model may have multiple versions (model instances) which could vary, for example, in values of their biophysical parameters. Improvements and updates to a model would be considered as different versions (instances) of that particular model.
- **Test** A Test or Test definition consists of all the information pertaining to a test excluding details of the source code (i.e. implementation). The test would specify metadata defining its domain of utility along with other info such as the type of data it handles and the type of score it generates. The source code is specified via the test instance (see below).
- **Test Instance** This defines a particular version of a test by specifying the location of the source code for executing the test. A test may have multiple versions (test instances) which could vary, for example, in the way the simulation is setup or how the score is evaluated. Improvements in the test code would be considered as different versions (instances) of that particular test.
- sciunit A Python package that handles testing of models. For more, see: https://github.com/scidash/sciunit
- **Result** The outcome of testing a specific model instance with a specific test instance. The result would consist of a score, and possibly additionally output files generated by the test.

More detailed tutorials will be published soon.

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# General Info

- From the above descriptions, it can be identified that *running a particular test for a model* under the validation framework is more accurately described as the *running of a specific test instance for a specific model instance*.
- When running a test, the test metadata and test instance info is typically retrieved from the validation framework. This involves authenticating your HBP login credentials.
- The model being tested can be registered on the *Model Catalog* beforehand, or asked to be registered automatically after the test is complete, just before registering the result on the validation framework.
- Registration of the model and its test results also require authenticating your HBP login credentials.
- It should be noted that an HBP account can be created even by non-HBP users. For more information, please visit: https://services.humanbrainproject.eu/oidc/account/request
- Collabs on the HBP Collaboratory can be either public or private. Public Collabs can be accessed by all registered users, whereas private Collabs require the user to be granted permission for access.
- The *Model Catalog* and the *Validation Framework* apps can be added to any Collab. A Collab may have multiple instances of these apps. The apps require to be *configured* by setting the provided filters appropriately before they can be used. These filters restrict the type of data displayed in that particular instance of the app.
- All tests are public, i.e. every test registered on the Validation Framework can be seen by all users.
- Models are created inside specific Collab instances of the *Model Catalog* app. The particular app inside which a model was created is termed its *host app*. Similarly, the Collab containing the *host app* is termed the *host Collab*.
- Models can be set as public/private. If public, the model and its associated results are available to all users. If private, it can only be seen by users who have access to the *host Collab*. See table below for summary of access privileges.
- No information can be deleted from the *Model Catalog* and *Validation Framework* apps. In future, an option to *hide* data would be implemented. This would offer users functionality similar to deleting, but with the data being retained in the database back-end.
- Models, model instances, tests and test instances can be edited as long as there are no results associated with them. Results can never be edited!

# **Regarding HBP Authentication**

The Python Client for the Validation Framework attempts to simplify the HBP authentication process. It does this as follows:

On first use, the users have the following options (in order of priority):

1. Setting an environment variable named HBP\_PASS with your HBP password. On Linux, this can be done as:

export HBP\_PASS='putyourpasswordhere'

Environment variables set like this are only stored temporally. When you exit the running instance of bash by exiting the terminal, they get discarded. To save this permanentally, write the above command into ~/.bashrc or ~/.profile (you might need to reload these files by, for example, source ~/.bashrc)

2. Enter your HBP password when prompted by the Python Client.

Once you do either of the two, the Python Client will save the retrieved token locally on your system. Henceforth, this token would be used for all subsequent requests that require authentication. This approach has been found to significantly speed-up the processing of the requests. If the authentication token expires, or is found invalid, then the user would again be give the above two options.

# TestLibrary

# class hbp\_validation\_framework.TestLibrary(username=None, password=None, environment='production', token=None)

Client for the HBP Validation Test library.

The TestLibrary client manages all actions pertaining to tests and results. The following actions can be performed:

Action	Method
Get test definition	<pre>get_test_definition()</pre>
Get test as Python (sciunit) class	<pre>get_validation_test()</pre>
List test definitions	list_tests()
Add new test definition	add_test()
Edit test definition	edit_test()
Get test instances	get_test_instance()
List test instances	list_test_instances()
Add new test instance	<pre>add_test_instance()</pre>
Edit test instance	<pre>edit_test_instance()</pre>
Get valid attribute values	<pre>get_attribute_options()</pre>
Get test result	get_result()
List test results	list_results()
Register test result	register_result()

- **username** (*string*) Your HBP Collaboratory username. Not needed in Jupyter notebooks within the HBP Collaboratory.
- **password** (*string*, *optional*) Your HBP Collaboratory password; advisable to not enter as plaintext. If left empty, you would be prompted for password at run time (safer). Not needed in Jupyter notebooks within the HBP Collaboratory.
- **environment** (*string*, *optional*) Used to indicate whether being used for development/testing purposes. Set as *production* as default for using the production system,

which is appropriate for most users. When set to *dev*, it uses the *development* system. Other environments, if required, should be defined inside a json file named *config.json* in the working directory. Example:

```
{
    "prod": {
        "url": "https://validation-v1.brainsimulation.eu",
        "client_id": "3ae21f28-0302-4d28-8581-15853ad6107d"
    },
    "dev_test": {
        "url": "https://localhost:8000",
        "client_id": "90c719e0-29ce-43a2-9c53-15cb314c2d0b",
        "verify_ssl": false
    }
}
```

• **token** (*string*, *optional*) – You may directly input a valid authenticated token from Collaboratory v1 or v2. Note: you should use the *access\_token* and NOT *refresh\_token*.

### **Examples**

Instantiate an instance of the TestLibrary class

# get\_test\_definition (test\_path=", test\_id=", alias=")

Retrieve a specific test definition.

A specific test definition can be retrieved from the test library in the following ways (in order of priority):

- 1. load from a local JSON file specified via test\_path
- 2. specify the *test\_id*
- 3. specify the *alias* (of the test)

#### **Parameters**

- test\_path (*string*) Location of local JSON file with test definition.
- test\_id (UUID) System generated unique identifier associated with test definition.
- alias (*string*) User-assigned unique identifier associated with test definition.

Note: Also see: get\_validation\_test()

**Returns** Information about the test. **Return type** dict

# **Examples**

get\_validation\_test (test\_path=", instance\_path=", instance\_id=", test\_id=", alias=", version=", \*\*params)

Retrieve a specific test instance as a Python class (sciunit.Test instance).

A specific test definition can be specified in the following ways (in order of priority):

- 1. load from a local JSON file specified via *test\_path* and *instance\_path*
- 2. specify *instance\_id* corresponding to test instance in test library
- 3. specify *test\_id* and *version*
- 4. specify alias (of the test) and version

Note: for (3) and (4) above, if version is not specified, then the latest test version is retrieved

#### Parameters

- test\_path (*string*) Location of local JSON file with test definition.
- instance\_path (*string*) Location of local JSON file with test instance metadata.
- **instance\_id** (*UUID*) System generated unique identifier associated with test instance.
- test\_id (UUID) System generated unique identifier associated with test definition.
- alias (*string*) User-assigned unique identifier associated with test definition.
- **version** (*string*) User-assigned identifier (unique for each test) associated with test instance.
- **\*\*params** Additional keyword arguments to be passed to the Test constructor.

**Note:** To confirm the priority of parameters for specifying tests and instances, see get\_test\_definition() and get\_test\_instance()

Returns Returns a sciunit.Test instance.

Return type sciunit.Test

# **Examples**

# list\_tests (size=1000000, from\_index=0, \*\*filters)

Retrieve a list of test definitions satisfying specified filters.

The filters may specify one or more attributes that belong to a test definition. The following test attributes can be specified:

alias

- name
- implementation\_status
- brain\_region
- species
- cell\_type
- data\_type
- · recording\_modality
- test\_type
- score\_type
- author

#### **Parameters**

- **size** (*positive integer*) Max number of tests to be returned; default is set to 1000000.
- **from\_index** (*positive integer*) Index of first test to be returned; default is set to 0.
- **\*\*filters** (variable length keyword arguments) To be used to filter test definitions from the test library.

**Returns** List of model descriptions satisfying specified filters.

# Return type list

## **Examples**

```
>>> tests = test_library.list_tests()
>>> tests = test_library.list_tests(test_type="single cell activity")
>>> tests = test_library.list_tests(test_type="single cell activity", cell_
->type="Pyramidal Cell")
```

Register a new test on the test library.

This allows you to add a new test to the test library.

- name (string) Name of the test definition to be created.
- **alias** (*string*, *optional*) User-assigned unique identifier to be associated with test definition.
- author (*string*) Name of person creating the test.
- **species** (*string*) The species from which the data was collected.
- **age** (*string*) The age of the specimen.
- brain\_region (*string*) The brain region being targeted in the test.

- **cell\_type** (*string*) The type of cell being examined.
- recording\_modality (string) Specifies the type of observation used in the test.
- test\_type (*string*) Specifies the type of the test.
- **score\_type** (*string*) The type of score produced by the test.
- **description** (*string*) Experimental protocol involved in obtaining reference data.
- data\_location (*string*) URL of file containing reference data (observation).
- **data\_type** (*string*) The type of reference data (observation).
- **publication** (*string*) Publication or comment (e.g. "Unpublished") to be associated with observation.
- implementation\_status (*string*) Status of test: 'in development' / 'proposal' / 'published'
- instances (list, optional) Specify a list of instances (versions) of the test.

Returns data of test instance that has been created.

Return type dict

# Examples

Edit an existing test in the test library.

To update an existing test, the *test\_id* must be provided. Any of the other parameters may be updated. Only the parameters being updated need to be specified.

- **name** (*string*) Name of the test definition.
- test\_id (UUID) System generated unique identifier associated with test definition.
- **alias** (*string*, *optional*) User-assigned unique identifier to be associated with test definition.
- author (*string*) Name of person who created the test.
- **species** (*string*) The species from which the data was collected.

- **age** (*string*) The age of the specimen.
- **brain\_region** (*string*) The brain region being targeted in the test.
- cell\_type (*string*) The type of cell being examined.
- recording\_modality (*string*) Specifies the type of observation used in the test.
- **test\_type** (*string*) Specifies the type of the test.
- **score\_type** (*string*) The type of score produced by the test.
- description (*string*) Experimental protocol involved in obtaining reference data.
- data\_location (*string*) URL of file containing reference data (observation).
- **data\_type** (*string*) The type of reference data (observation).
- **publication** (*string*) Publication or comment (e.g. "Unpublished") to be associated with observation.
- implementation\_status (*string*) Status of test: 'in development' / 'proposal' / 'published'

Note: Test instances cannot be edited here. This has to be done using edit\_test\_instance()

Returns data of test instance that has been edited.

Return type data

#### **Examples**

test = test\_library.edit\_test(name="Cell Density Test", test\_id="7b63f87b-d709-4194-bae1-15329daf3dec", alias="CI
species="Mouse (Mus musculus)", brain\_region="Hippocampus", cell\_type="Other", age="TBD",
recording\_modality="electron microscopy", test\_type="network structure", score\_type="Other",
protocol="To be filled sometime later", data\_location="https://object.cscs.ch/v1/AUTH\_
c0a333ecf7c045809321ce9d9ecdfdea/sp6\_validation\_data/hippounit/feat\_CA1\_pyr\_cACpyr\_
more\_features.json", data\_type="Mean, SD")

# delete\_test (test\_id=", alias=")

ONLY FOR SUPERUSERS: Delete a specific test definition by its test\_id or alias.

A specific test definition can be deleted from the test library, along with all associated test instances, in the following ways (in order of priority):

- 1. specify the *test\_id*
- 2. specify the *alias* (of the test)

#### **Parameters**

- test\_id (UUID) System generated unique identifier associated with test definition.
- alias (*string*) User-assigned unique identifier associated with test definition.

#### Note:

• This feature is only for superusers!

### **Examples**

```
>>> test_library.delete_test(test_id="8c7cb9f6-e380-452c-9e98-e77254b088c5")
>>> test_library.delete_test(alias="B1")
```

get\_test\_instance (instance\_path=", instance\_id=", test\_id=", alias=", version=")
Retrieve a specific test instance definition from the test library.

A specific test instance can be retrieved in the following ways (in order of priority):

- 1. load from a local JSON file specified via instance\_path
- 2. specify instance\_id corresponding to test instance in test library
- 3. specify test\_id and version
- 4. specify alias (of the test) and version

Note: for (3) and (4) above, if version is not specified, then the latest test version is retrieved

#### **Parameters**

- instance\_path (*string*) Location of local JSON file with test instance metadata.
- **instance\_id** (*UUID*) System generated unique identifier associated with test instance.
- test\_id (UUID) System generated unique identifier associated with test definition.
- alias (*string*) User-assigned unique identifier associated with test definition.
- **version** (*string*) User-assigned identifier (unique for each test) associated with test instance.

**Returns** Information about the test instance.

#### Return type dict

#### **Examples**

```
list_test_instances (instance_path=", test_id=", alias=")
Retrieve list of test instances belonging to a specified test.
```

This can be retrieved in the following ways (in order of priority):

- 1. load from a local JSON file specified via instance\_path
- 2. specify test\_id
- 3. specify alias (of the test)

- instance\_path (*string*) Location of local JSON file with test instance metadata.
- test\_id (UUID) System generated unique identifier associated with test definition.
- **alias** (*string*) User-assigned unique identifier associated with test definition.

**Returns** Information about the test instances.

#### Return type dict[]

#### Examples

add\_test\_instance (test\_id=", alias=", repository=", path=", version=", description=", parameters=")

Register a new test instance.

This allows to add a new instance to an existing test in the test library. The *test\_id* or *alias* needs to be specified as input parameter.

### **Parameters**

- test\_id (UUID) System generated unique identifier associated with test definition.
- **alias** (*string*) User-assigned unique identifier associated with test definition.
- **version** (*string*) User-assigned identifier (unique for each test) associated with test instance.
- repository (*string*) URL of Python package repository (e.g. github).
- **path** (*string*) Python path (not filesystem path) to test source code within Python package.
- **description** (*string*, *optional*) Text describing this specific test instance.
- **parameters** (*string*, *optional*) Any additional parameters to be submitted to test, or used by it, at runtime.

Returns data of test instance that has been created.

Return type dict

# **Examples**

edit\_test\_instance (instance\_id=", test\_id=", alias=", repository=None, path=None, version=None, description=None, parameters=None)

Edit an existing test instance.

This allows to edit an instance of an existing test in the test library. The test instance can be specified in the following ways (in order of priority):

- 1. specify *instance\_id* corresponding to test instance in test library
- 2. specify test\_id and version
- 3. specify alias (of the test) and version

Only the parameters being updated need to be specified. You cannot edit the test *version* in the latter two cases. To do so, you must employ the first option above. You can retrieve the *instance\_id* via get\_test\_instance()

### Parameters

- **instance\_id** (*UUID*) System generated unique identifier associated with test instance.
- test\_id (UUID) System generated unique identifier associated with test definition.
- alias (*string*) User-assigned unique identifier associated with test definition.
- repository (*string*) URL of Python package repository (e.g. github).
- **path** (*string*) Python path (not filesystem path) to test source code within Python package.
- **version** (*string*) User-assigned identifier (unique for each test) associated with test instance.
- **description** (*string*, *optional*) Text describing this specific test instance.
- **parameters** (*string*, *optional*) Any additional parameters to be submitted to test, or used by it, at runtime.

Returns data of test instance that has was edited.

Return type dict

# **Examples**

**delete\_test\_instance** (*instance\_id=*", *test\_id=*", *alias=*", *version=*") ONLY FOR SUPERUSERS: Delete an existing test instance.

This allows to delete an instance of an existing test in the test library. The test instance can be specified in the following ways (in order of priority):

- 1. specify instance\_id corresponding to test instance in test library
- 2. specify test\_id and version
- 3. specify alias (of the test) and version

- **instance\_id** (*UUID*) System generated unique identifier associated with test instance.
- test\_id (UUID) System generated unique identifier associated with test definition.
- alias (*string*) User-assigned unique identifier associated with test definition.
- version (*string*) User-assigned unique identifier associated with test instance.

#### Note:

• This feature is only for superusers!

### **Examples**

#### get\_attribute\_options (param=")

Retrieve valid values for test attributes.

Will return the list of valid values (where applicable) for various test attributes. The following test attributes can be specified:

- cell\_type
- test\_type
- score\_type
- brain\_region
- recording\_modality
- species

If an attribute is specified, then only values that correspond to it will be returned, else values for all attributes are returned.

```
Parameters param(string, optional) – Attribute of interest
```

**Returns** Dictionary with key(s) as attribute(s), and value(s) as list of valid options.

Return type dict

# **Examples**

```
>>> data = test_library.get_attribute_options()
>>> data = test_library.get_attribute_options("cell types")
```

### get\_result (result\_id=")

Retrieve a test result.

This allows to retrieve the test result score and other related information. The *result\_id* needs to be specified as input parameter.

**Parameters result\_id**(*UUID*) – System generated unique identifier associated with result.

**Returns** Information about the result retrieved.

Return type dict

### **Examples**

list\_results (size=1000000, from\_index=0, \*\*filters)

Retrieve test results satisfying specified filters.

This allows to retrieve a list of test results with their scores and other related information.

**Parameters** 

- **size** (*positive integer*) Max number of results to be returned; default is set to 1000000.
- **from\_index** (*positive integer*) Index of first result to be returned; default is set to 0.
- **\*\*filters** (variable length keyword arguments) To be used to filter the results metadata.

Returns Information about the results retrieved.

Return type dict

### **Examples**

```
>>> results = test_library.list_results()
>>> results = test_library.list_results(test_id="7b63f87b-d709-4194-bae1-
+15329daf3dec")
>>> results = test_library.list_results(id="901ac0f3-2557-4ae3-bb2b-
+37617312da09")
>>> results = test_library.list_results(model_instance_id="f32776c7-658f-462f-
+a944-1daf8765ec97")
```

**register\_result** (*test\_result*, *data\_store=None*, *collab\_id=None*) Register test result with HBP Validation Results Service.

The score of a test, along with related output data such as figures, can be registered on the validation framework.

#### **Parameters**

- test\_result (sciunit.Score) a sciunit.Score instance returned by test.judge(model)
- **data\_store** (DataStore) a DataStore instance, for uploading related data generated by the test run, e.g. figures.
- **collab\_id** (*str*) String input specifying the Collab path, e.g. 'model-validation' to indicate Collab 'https://wiki.ebrains.eu/bin/view/Collabs/model-validation/'. This is used to indicate the Collab where results should be saved.

**Note:** Source code for this method still contains comments/suggestions from previous client. To be removed or implemented.

Returns data of test result that has been created.

# Return type dict

# Examples

```
>>> score = test.judge(model)
>>> response = test_library.register_result(test_result=score)
```

# delete\_result (result\_id=")

ONLY FOR SUPERUSERS: Delete a result on the validation framework.

This allows to delete an existing result info on the validation framework. The *result\_id* needs to be specified as input parameter.

**Parameters** result\_id (UUID) – System generated unique identifier associated with result.

## Note:

• This feature is only for superusers!

# **Examples**

# ModelCatalog

# class hbp\_validation\_framework.ModelCatalog(username=None, password=None, environment='production', token=None)

# Client for the HBP Model Catalog.

The ModelCatalog client manages all actions pertaining to models. The following actions can be performed:

Action	Method
Get model description	get_model()
List model descriptions	list_models()
Register new model description	register_model()
Edit model description	edit_model()
Get valid attribute values	get_attribute_options()
Get model instance	<pre>get_model_instance()</pre>
Download model instance	<pre>download_model_instance()</pre>
List model instances	list_model_instances()
Add new model instance	<pre>add_model_instance()</pre>
Find model instance; else add	<pre>find_model_instance_else_add()</pre>
Edit existing model instance	<pre>edit_model_instance()</pre>

- **username** (*string*) Your HBP Collaboratory username. Not needed in Jupyter notebooks within the HBP Collaboratory.
- **password** (*string*, *optional*) Your HBP Collaboratory password; advisable to not enter as plaintext. If left empty, you would be prompted for password at run time (safer). Not needed in Jupyter notebooks within the HBP Collaboratory.
- **environment** (*string*, *optional*) Used to indicate whether being used for development/testing purposes. Set as *production* as default for using the production system, which is appropriate for most users. When set to *dev*, it uses the *development* system. Other environments, if required, should be defined inside a json file named *config.json* in the working directory. Example:

```
{
    "prod": {
        "url": "https://validation-v1.brainsimulation.eu",
        "client_id": "3ae21f28-0302-4d28-8581-15853ad6107d"
    },
    "dev_test": {
        "url": "https://localhost:8000",
        "client_id": "90c719e0-29ce-43a2-9c53-15cb314c2d0b",
        "verify_ssl": false
    }
}
```

• **token** (*string*, *optional*) – You may directly input a valid authenticated token from Collaboratory v1 or v2. Note: you should use the *access\_token* and NOT *refresh\_token*.

### **Examples**

Instantiate an instance of the ModelCatalog class

```
get_model (model_id=", alias=", instances=True, images=True)
```

Retrieve a specific model description by its model\_id or alias.

A specific model description can be retrieved from the model catalog in the following ways (in order of priority):

- 1. specify the *model\_id*
- 2. specify the *alias* (of the model)

#### **Parameters**

- model\_id (UUID) System generated unique identifier associated with model description.
- alias (*string*) User-assigned unique identifier associated with model description.
- **instances** (*boolean*, *optional*) Set to False if you wish to omit the details of the model instances; default True.
- **images** (*boolean*, *optional*) Set to False if you wish to omit the details of the model images (figures); default True.

Returns Entire model description as a JSON object.

Return type dict

# **Examples**

```
list_models (size=1000000, from_index=0, **filters)
```

Retrieve list of model descriptions satisfying specified filters.

The filters may specify one or more attributes that belong to a model description. The following model attributes can be specified:

- alias
- name
- brain\_region
- species
- cell\_type
- model\_scope
- abstraction\_level
- author
- owner
- organization
- collab\_id
- private

#### Parameters

- **size** (*positive integer*) Max number of models to be returned; default is set to 1000000.
- **from\_index** (*positive integer*) Index of first model to be returned; default is set to 0.
- **\*\*filters** (variable length keyword arguments) To be used to filter model descriptions from the model catalog.

Returns List of model descriptions satisfying specified filters.

Return type list

### **Examples**

register\_model (collab\_id=None, name=None, alias=None, author=None, owner=None, organization=None, private=False, species=None, brain\_region=None, cell\_type=None, model\_scope=None, abstraction\_level=None, project=None, license=None, description=None, instances=[], images=[])

Register a new model in the model catalog.

This allows you to add a new model to the model catalog. Model instances and/or images (figures) can optionally be specified at the time of model creation, or can be added later individually.

- **collab\_id** (*string*) Specifies the ID of the host collab in the HBP Collaboratory. (the model would belong to this collab)
- **name** (*string*) Name of the model description to be created.
- **alias** (*string*, *optional*) User-assigned unique identifier to be associated with model description.
- **author** (*string*) Name of person creating the model description.
- **organization** (*string*, *optional*) Option to tag model with organization info.
- **private** (*boolean*) Set visibility of model description. If True, model would only be seen in host app (where created). Default False.
- **species** (*string*) The species for which the model is developed.
- **brain\_region** (*string*) The brain region for which the model is developed.
- **cell\_type** (*string*) The type of cell for which the model is developed.
- model\_scope (*string*) Specifies the type of the model.
- **abstraction\_level** (*string*) Specifies the model abstraction level.
- **owner** (*string*) Specifies the owner of the model. Need not necessarily be the same as the author.
- **project** (*string*) Can be used to indicate the project to which the model belongs.
- **license** (*string*) Indicates the license applicable for this model.
- **description** (*string*) Provides a description of the model.
- instances (list, optional) Specify a list of instances (versions) of the model.
- **images** (*list*, *optional*) Specify a list of images (figures) to be linked to the model.

**Returns** Model description that has been created.

Return type dict

### **Examples**

(without instances and images)

(with instances and images)

```
>>> model = model_catalog.register_model(collab_id="model-validation", name=
→"Test Model - C2",
                alias="Model vC2", author="Shailesh Appukuttan", organization=
\rightarrow "HBP-SP6",
                private=False, cell_type="Granule Cell", model_scope="Single...
⇔cell model",
                abstraction_level="Spiking neurons",
                brain_region="Basal Ganglia", species="Mouse (Mus musculus)",
                owner="Andrew Davison", project="SP 6.4", license="BSD 3-
→Clause",
                description="This is a test entry! Please ignore.",
                instances=[{"source":"https://www.abcde.com",
                             "version":"1.0", "parameters":""},
                            {"source":"https://www.12345.com",
                             "version":"2.0", "parameters":""}],
                images=[{"url":"http://www.neuron.yale.edu/neuron/sites/
→default/themes/xchameleon/logo.png",
                         "caption": "NEURON Logo" },
                         {"url":"https://collab.humanbrainproject.eu/assets/
→hbp_diamond_120.png",
                         "caption":"HBP Logo"}])
```

author=None. edit model (model id=None, collab id=None, name=None. alias=None. owner=None, organization=None, private=None, species=None, brain\_region=None, cell type=None, model scope=None, abstraction level=None, project=None, li*cense=None*, *description=None*)

Edit an existing model on the model catalog.

This allows you to edit a new model to the model catalog. The *model\_id* must be provided. Any of the other parameters maybe updated. Only the parameters being updated need to be specified.

- model\_id (UUID) System generated unique identifier associated with model description.
- collab\_id (*string*) Specifies the ID of the host collab in the HBP Collaboratory. (the model would belong to this collab)
- **name** (*string*) Name of the model description to be created.
- alias (string, optional) User-assigned unique identifier to be associated with model description.
- **author** (*string*) Name of person creating the model description.
- **organization** (*string*, *optional*) Option to tag model with organization info.
- private (boolean) Set visibility of model description. If True, model would only be seen in host app (where created). Default False.
- **species** (*string*) The species for which the model is developed.
- **brain\_region** (*string*) The brain region for which the model is developed.
- **cell\_type** (*string*) The type of cell for which the model is developed.
- model\_scope (*string*) Specifies the type of the model.
- **abstraction\_level** (*string*) Specifies the model abstraction level.
- **owner** (*string*) Specifies the owner of the model. Need not necessarily be the same as the author.

- project (*string*) Can be used to indicate the project to which the model belongs.
- **license** (*string*) Indicates the license applicable for this model.
- **description** (*string*) Provides a description of the model.

**Note:** Model instances and images (figures) cannot be edited here. This has to be done using *edit\_model\_instance()* and *edit\_model\_image()* 

**Returns** Model description that has been edited.

Return type dict

# **Examples**

#### delete\_model (model\_id=", alias=")

ONLY FOR SUPERUSERS: Delete a specific model description by its model\_id or alias.

A specific model description can be deleted from the model catalog, along with all associated model instances, images and results, in the following ways (in order of priority):

- 1. specify the *model\_id*
- 2. specify the *alias* (of the model)

#### Parameters

- model\_id (UUID) System generated unique identifier associated with model description.
- alias (*string*) User-assigned unique identifier associated with model description.

#### Note:

This feature is only for superusers!

# **Examples**

```
>>> model_catalog.delete_model(alias="B1")
```

```
get_attribute_options (param=")
```

Retrieve valid values for attributes.

Will return the list of valid values (where applicable) for various attributes. The following model attributes can be specified:

- cell\_type
- brain\_region
- model\_scope
- abstraction\_level
- species
- organization

If an attribute is specified then, only values that correspond to it will be returned, else values for all attributes are returned.

```
Parameters param(string, optional) – Attribute of interest
```

**Returns** Dictionary with key(s) as attribute(s), and value(s) as list of valid options.

Return type dict

# **Examples**

```
>>> data = model_catalog.get_attribute_options()
>>> data = model_catalog.get_attribute_options("cell types")
```

```
get_model_instance (instance_path=", instance_id=", model_id=", alias=", version=")
Retrieve an existing model instance.
```

A specific model instance can be retrieved in the following ways (in order of priority):

- 1. load from a local JSON file specified via instance\_path
- 2. specify instance\_id corresponding to model instance in model catalog
- 3. specify model\_id and version
- 4. specify alias (of the model) and version

### **Parameters**

- **instance\_path** (*string*) Location of local JSON file with model instance metadata.
- **instance\_id** (*UUID*) System generated unique identifier associated with model instance.
- model\_id (UUID) System generated unique identifier associated with model description.
- **alias** (*string*) User-assigned unique identifier associated with model description.
- **version** (*string*) User-assigned identifier (unique for each model) associated with model instance.

Returns Information about the model instance.

### Return type dict

# Examples

Download files/directory corresponding to an existing model instance.

Files/directory corresponding to a model instance to be downloaded. The model instance can be specified in the following ways (in order of priority):

- 1. load from a local JSON file specified via instance\_path
- 2. specify *instance\_id* corresponding to model instance in model catalog
- 3. specify model\_id and version
- 4. specify alias (of the model) and version

#### **Parameters**

- **instance\_path** (*string*) Location of local JSON file with model instance metadata.
- **instance\_id** (*UUID*) System generated unique identifier associated with model instance.
- model\_id (UUID) System generated unique identifier associated with model description.
- **alias** (*string*) User-assigned unique identifier associated with model description.
- **version** (*string*) User-assigned identifier (unique for each model) associated with model instance.
- **local\_directory** (*string*) Directory path (relative/absolute) where files should be downloaded and saved. Default is current location.
- **overwrite** (*Boolean*) Indicates if any existing file at the target location should be overwritten; default is set to False

**Returns** Absolute path of the downloaded file/directory.

#### Return type string

Note: Existing files, if any, at the target location will be overwritten!

# Examples

list\_model\_instances (instance\_path=", model\_id=", alias=")
Retrieve list of model instances belonging to a specified model.

This can be retrieved in the following ways (in order of priority):

1. load from a local JSON file specified via instance\_path

- 2. specify model\_id
- 3. specify alias (of the model)

#### **Parameters**

- **instance\_path** (*string*) Location of local JSON file with model instance metadata.
- model\_id (UUID) System generated unique identifier associated with model description.
- **alias** (*string*) User-assigned unique identifier associated with model description.

**Returns** List of dicts containing information about the model instances.

Return type list

#### **Examples**

>>> model\_instances = model\_catalog.list\_model\_instances(alias="Model vB2")

Register a new model instance.

This allows to add a new instance of an existing model in the model catalog. The *model\_id* or 'alias' needs to be specified as input parameter.

#### **Parameters**

- model\_id (UUID) System generated unique identifier associated with model description.
- alias (*string*) User-assigned unique identifier associated with model description.
- **source** (*string*) Path to model source code repository (e.g. github).
- **version** (*string*) User-assigned identifier (unique for each model) associated with model instance.
- **description** (*string*, *optional*) Text describing this specific model instance.
- **parameters** (*string*, *optional*) Any additional parameters to be submitted to model, or used by it, at runtime.
- **code\_format** (*string*, *optional*) Indicates the language/platform in which the model was developed.
- **hash** (*string*, *optional*) Similar to a checksum; can be used to identify model instances from their implementation.
- morphology (*string* / *list*, *optional*) URL(s) to the morphology file(s) employed in this model.
- license (*string*) Indicates the license applicable for this model instance.

Returns data of model instance that has been created.

#### Return type dict

### **Examples**

```
>>> instance = model_catalog.add_model_instance(model_id="196b89a3-e672-4b96-

$$ 8739-748ba3850254",

source="https://www.abcde.com",

version="1.0",

description="basic model variant",

parameters="",

code_format="py",

hash="",

morphology="",

license="BSD 3-Clause")
```

#### find\_model\_instance\_else\_add(model\_obj)

Find existing model instance; else create a new instance

This checks if the input model object has an associated model instance. If not, a new model instance is created.

**Parameters model\_obj** (*object*) – Python object representing a model.

**Returns** data of existing or created model instance.

Return type dict

#### Note:

• *model\_obj* is expected to contain the attribute *model\_instance\_uuid*, or both the attributes *model\_uuid/model\_alias* and *model\_version*.

# Examples

>>> instance = model\_catalog.find\_model\_instance\_else\_add(model)

edit\_model\_instance (instance\_id=", model\_id=", alias=", source=None, version=None, description=None, parameters=None, code\_format=None, hash=None, morphology=None, license=None)

Edit an existing model instance.

This allows to edit an instance of an existing model in the model catalog. The model instance can be specified in the following ways (in order of priority):

- 1. specify instance\_id corresponding to model instance in model catalog
- 2. specify model\_id and version
- 3. specify alias (of the model) and version

Only the parameters being updated need to be specified. You cannot edit the model *version* in the latter two cases. To do so, you must employ the first option above. You can retrieve the *instance\_id* via get\_model\_instance()

- **instance\_id** (*UUID*) System generated unique identifier associated with model instance.
- model\_id (UUID) System generated unique identifier associated with model description.

- alias (*string*) User-assigned unique identifier associated with model description.
- **source** (*string*) Path to model source code repository (e.g. github).
- **version** (*string*) User-assigned identifier (unique for each model) associated with model instance.
- **description** (*string*, *optional*) Text describing this specific model instance.
- **parameters** (*string*, *optional*) Any additional parameters to be submitted to model, or used by it, at runtime.
- **code\_format** (*string*, *optional*) Indicates the language/platform in which the model was developed.
- hash (*string*, *optional*) Similar to a checksum; can be used to identify model instances from their implementation.
- **morphology** (*string* / *list*, *optional*) URL(s) to the morphology file(s) employed in this model.
- **license** (*string*) Indicates the license applicable for this model instance.

Returns data of model instance that has been edited.

# Return type dict

# Examples

**delete\_model\_instance** (*instance\_id=*", *model\_id=*", *alias=*", *version=*") ONLY FOR SUPERUSERS: Delete an existing model instance.

This allows to delete an instance of an existing model in the model catalog. The model instance can be specified in the following ways (in order of priority):

- 1. specify instance\_id corresponding to model instance in model catalog
- 2. specify model\_id and version
- 3. specify alias (of the model) and version

- **instance\_id** (*UUID*) System generated unique identifier associated with model instance.
- model\_id (UUID) System generated unique identifier associated with model description.
- alias (*string*) User-assigned unique identifier associated with model description.
- **version** (*string*) User-assigned unique identifier associated with model instance.

#### Note:

• This feature is only for superusers!

# **Examples**

# CHAPTER 6

# Utilities

Miscellaneous methods that help in different aspects of model validation. Does not require explicit instantiation. The following methods are available:

Action	Method
View JSON data in web browser	view_json_tree()
Prepare test for execution	<pre>prepare_run_test_offline()</pre>
Run the validation test	<pre>run_test_offline()</pre>
Register result with validation service	upload_test_result()
Run test and register result (in steps)	run_test()
Run test and register result (direct)	<pre>run_test_standalone()</pre>
Generate HTML report of test results	generate_HTML_report()
Generate PDF report of test results	generate_PDF_report()
Obtain score matrix for test results	<pre>generate_score_matrix()</pre>
Get Pandas DataFrame from score matrix	get_raw_dataframe()
Display score matrix in web browser	<pre>display_score_matrix_html()</pre>

hbp\_validation\_framework.utils.view\_json\_tree(data)

Displays the JSON tree structure inside the web browser

This method can be used to view any JSON data, generated by any of the validation client's methods, in a tree-like representation.

**Parameters data** (*string*) – JSON object represented as a string.

Returns Does not return any data. JSON displayed inside web browser.

Return type None

# **Examples**

```
>>> model = model_catalog.get_model(alias="HCkt")
>>> from hbp_validation_framework import utils
>>> utils.view_json_tree(model)
```

```
hbp_validation_framework.utils.prepare_run_test_offline (username=", pass-
word=None, environ-
ment='production',
test_instance_id=",
test_id=", test_alias=",
test_version=",
client_obj=None,
**params)
```

Gather info necessary for running validation test

This method will select the specified test and prepare a config file enabling offline execution of the validation test. The observation file required by the test is also downloaded and stored locally. The test can be specified in the following ways (in order of priority):

- 1. specify test\_instance\_id corresponding to test instance in test library
- 2. specify test\_id and test\_version
- 3. specify *test\_alias* and *test\_version*

Note: for (2) and (3) above, if test\_version is not specified, then the latest test version is retrieved

### Parameters

- **username** (*string*) Your HBP Collaboratory username.
- password (string) Your HBP Collaboratory password.
- **environment** (*string*, *optional*) Used to indicate whether being used for development/testing purposes. Set as *production* as default for using the production system, which is appropriate for most users. When set to *dev*, it uses the *development* system. For other values, an external config file would be read (the latter is currently not implemented).
- **test\_instance\_id** (*UUID*) System generated unique identifier associated with test instance.
- test\_id (UUID) System generated unique identifier associated with test definition.
- **test\_alias** (*string*) User-assigned unique identifier associated with test definition.
- **test\_version** (*string*) User-assigned identifier (unique for each test) associated with test instance.
- **client\_obj** (*ModelCatalog/TestLibrary object*) Used to easily create a new ModelCatalog/TestLibrary object if either exist already. Avoids need for repeated authentications; improves performance. Also, helps minimize being blocked out by the authentication server for repeated authentication requests (applicable when running several tests in quick succession, e.g. in a loop).
- **\*\*params** (*list*) Keyword arguments to be passed to the Test constructor.

Note: Should be run on node having access to external URLs (i.e. with internet access)

Returns The absolute path of the generated test config file

#### Return type path

### Examples

hbp\_validation\_framework.utils.run\_test\_offline(model=", test\_config\_file=")
Run the validation test

This method will accept a model, located locally, run the test specified via the test config file (generated by *prepare\_run\_test\_offline()*), and store the results locally.

#### Parameters

- **model** (*sciunit*.*Model*) A sciunit.Model instance.
- test\_config\_file (string) Absolute path of the test config file generated by prepare\_run\_test\_offline()

**Note:** Can be run on node(s) having no access to external URLs (i.e. without internet access). Also, it is required that the test\_config\_file and the test\_observation\_file are located in the same directory.

**Returns** The absolute path of the generated test result file

Return type path

### **Examples**

```
hbp_validation_framework.utils.upload_test_result (username=", password=None,
environment='production',
test_result_file=", stor-
age_collab_id=", regis-
ter_result=True, client_obj=None)
```

Register the result with the Validation Service

This method will register the validation result specified via the test result file (generated by  $run\_test\_offline()$ ) with the validation service.

- username (string) Your HBP Collaboratory username.
- password (string) Your HBP Collaboratory password.
- **environment** (*string*, *optional*) Used to indicate whether being used for development/testing purposes. Set as *production* as default for using the production system, which is appropriate for most users. When set to *dev*, it uses the *development* system. For other values, an external config file would be read (the latter is currently not implemented).
- **test\_result\_file** (*string*) Absolute path of the test result file generated by *run\_test\_offline()*

- **storage\_collab\_id** (*string*) Collab ID where output files should be stored; if empty, stored in model's host Collab.
- **register\_result** (*boolean*) Specify whether the test results are to be scored on the validation framework. Default is set as True.
- **client\_obj** (*ModelCatalog/TestLibrary object*) Used to easily create a new ModelCatalog/TestLibrary object if either exist already. Avoids need for repeated authentications; improves performance. Also, helps minimize being blocked out by the authentication server for repeated authentication requests (applicable when running several tests in quick succession, e.g. in a loop).

Note: Should be run on node having access to external URLs (i.e. with internet access)

#### Returns

- *dict* data of test result that has been created.
- *int or float or bool* score evaluated by the test.

### **Examples**

hbp\_validation\_framework.utils.run\_test (username=", password=None, environment='production', model=", test\_instance\_id=", test\_id=", test\_alias=", test\_version=", storage\_collab\_id=", register\_result=True, client\_obj=None, \*\*params)

Run validation test and register result

This will execute the following methods by relaying the output of one to the next: 1. prepare\_run\_test\_offline() 2. run\_test\_offline() 3. upload\_test\_result()

- username (string) Your HBP Collaboratory username.
- **password** (*string*) Your HBP Collaboratory password.
- **environment** (*string*, *optional*) Used to indicate whether being used for development/testing purposes. Set as *production* as default for using the production system, which is appropriate for most users. When set to *dev*, it uses the *development* system. For other values, an external config file would be read (the latter is currently not implemented).
- model (sciunit.Model) A sciunit.Model instance.
- **test\_instance\_id** (*UUID*) System generated unique identifier associated with test instance.
- test\_id (UUID) System generated unique identifier associated with test definition.
- test\_alias (*string*) User-assigned unique identifier associated with test definition.
- **test\_version** (*string*) User-assigned identifier (unique for each test) associated with test instance.

- **storage\_collab\_id** (*string*) Collab ID where output files should be stored; if empty, stored in model's host Collab.
- **register\_result** (*boolean*) Specify whether the test results are to be scored on the validation framework. Default is set as True.
- **client\_obj** (*ModelCatalog/TestLibrary object*) Used to easily create a new ModelCatalog/TestLibrary object if either exist already. Avoids need for repeated authentications; improves performance. Also, helps minimize being blocked out by the authentication server for repeated authentication requests (applicable when running several tests in quick succession, e.g. in a loop).
- **\*\*params** (*list*) Keyword arguments to be passed to the Test constructor.

Note: Should be run on node having access to external URLs (i.e. with internet access)

#### Returns

- dict data of test result that has been created.
- int or float or bool score evaluated by the test.

# **Examples**

```
hbp_validation_framework.utils.run_test_standalone (username=", password=None,
environment='production',
model=", test_instance_id=",
test_id=", test_alias=",
test_version=", stor-
age_collab_id=", regis-
ter_result=True, client_obj=None,
**params)
```

Run validation test and register result

This method will accept a model, located locally, run the specified test on the model, and store the results on the validation service. The test can be specified in the following ways (in order of priority): 1. specify *test\_instance\_id* corresponding to test instance in test library 2. specify *test\_id* and *test\_version* 3. specify *test\_alias* and *test\_version* Note: for (2) and (3) above, if *test\_version* is not specified,

then the latest test version is retrieved

**Note:** *run\_test\_standalone()* is different from *run\_test()* in that the former runs the entire workflow in one go, whereas the latter is a wrapper for the sub-steps: *prepare\_run\_test\_offline()*, *run\_test\_offline()*, and *upload\_test\_result()*. Also, *run\_test()* returns the score as the value (int or float or bool) while *run\_test\_standalone()* returns the *sciunit.Score* object.

- **username** (*string*) Your HBP Collaboratory username.
- **password** (*string*) Your HBP Collaboratory password.

- **environment** (*string*, *optional*) Used to indicate whether being used for development/testing purposes. Set as *production* as default for using the production system, which is appropriate for most users. When set to *dev*, it uses the *development* system. For other values, an external config file would be read (the latter is currently not implemented).
- **model** (*sciunit.Model*) A sciunit.Model instance.
- **test\_instance\_id** (*UUID*) System generated unique identifier associated with test instance.
- test\_id (UUID) System generated unique identifier associated with test definition.
- test\_alias (string) User-assigned unique identifier associated with test definition.
- **test\_version** (*string*) User-assigned identifier (unique for each test) associated with test instance.
- **storage\_collab\_id** (*string*) Collab ID where output files should be stored; if empty, stored in model's host Collab.
- **register\_result** (*boolean*) Specify whether the test results are to be scored on the validation framework. Default is set as True.
- **client\_obj** (*ModelCatalog/TestLibrary object*) Used to easily create a new ModelCatalog/TestLibrary object if either exist already. Avoids need for repeated authentications; improves performance. Also, helps minimize being blocked out by the authentication server for repeated authentication requests (applicable when running several tests in quick succession, e.g. in a loop).
- **\*\*params** (*list*) Keyword arguments to be passed to the Test constructor.

**Note:** This is a very basic implementation that would suffice for simple use cases. You can customize and create your own run\_test() implementations.

### Returns

- *dict* data of test result that has been created.
- *object* score object evaluated by the test.

# **Examples**

hbp\_validation\_framework.utils.generate\_HTML\_report(username=", password=None,

environment='production', model\_list=[], model\_instance\_list=[], test\_list=[], result\_list=[], show\_links=True, client\_obj=None)

Generates an HTML report for specified test results

This method will generate an HTML report for the specified test results.

- **username** (*string*) Your HBP collaboratory username.
- **environment** (*string*, *optional*) Used to indicate whether being used for development/testing purposes. Set as *production* as default for using the production system, which is appropriate for most users. When set to *dev*, it uses the *development* system. For other values, an external config file would be read (the latter is currently not implemented).
- model\_list (*list*) List of model UUIDs or aliases for which score matrix is to be generated.
- **model\_instance\_list** (*list*) List of model instance UUIDs for which score matrix is to be generated.
- **test\_list** (*list*) List of test UUIDs or aliases for which score matrix is to be generated.
- **test\_instance\_list** (*list*) List of test instance UUIDs for which score matrix is to be generated.
- **result\_list** (*list*) List of result UUIDs for which score matrix is to be generated.
- **show\_links** (*boolean*, *optional*) To specify if hyperlinks to results are to be provided. If false, these data units will not have clickable hyperlinks.
- **client\_obj** (*ModelCatalog/TestLibrary object*) Used to easily create a new ModelCatalog/TestLibrary object if either exist already. Avoids need for repeated authentications; improves performance. Also, helps minimize being blocked out by the authentication server for repeated authentication requests (applicable when running several tests in quick succession, e.g. in a loop).

#### Returns

- string The absolute path of the generated HTML report
- list List of valid UUIDs for which the HTML report was generated

# **Examples**

hbp\_validation\_framework.utils.generate\_PDF\_report(html\_report\_path=None, user-

name=", password=None, environment='production', model\_list=[], model\_instance\_list=[], test\_list=[], test\_instance\_list=[], result\_list=[], show\_links=True, only\_results=False, client\_obj=None)

Generates a PDF report for specified test results

This method will generate a PDF report for the specified test results.

- html\_report\_path (*string*) Path to HTML report generated via *generate\_HTML\_report(*). If specified, then all other parameters (except *only\_results*) are irrelevant. If not specified, then this method will generate both an HTML report as well as a PDF report.
- **username** (*string*) Your HBP collaboratory username.
- **environment** (*string*, *optional*) Used to indicate whether being used for development/testing purposes. Set as *production* as default for using the production system, which is appropriate for most users. When set to *dev*, it uses the *development* system. For other values, an external config file would be read (the latter is currently not implemented).
- model\_list (*list*) List of model UUIDs or aliases for which score matrix is to be generated.
- **model\_instance\_list** (*list*) List of model instance UUIDs for which score matrix is to be generated.
- **test\_list** (*list*) List of test UUIDs or aliases for which score matrix is to be generated.
- **test\_instance\_list** (*list*) List of test instance UUIDs for which score matrix is to be generated.
- **result\_list** (*list*) List of result UUIDs for which score matrix is to be generated.
- **show\_links** (*boolean*, *optional*) To specify if hyperlinks to results are to be provided. If false, these data units will not have clickable hyperlinks.
- **only\_results** (*boolean*, *optional*) Indicates whether output PDF should contain only result related info. Set to *False* as default. When set to *True*, the PDF will have info on the result, model, model instance, test and test instance.
- **client\_obj** (*ModelCatalog/TestLibrary object*) Used to easily create a new ModelCatalog/TestLibrary object if either exist already. Avoids need for repeated authentications; improves performance. Also, helps minimize being blocked out by the authentication server for repeated authentication requests (applicable when running several tests in quick succession, e.g. in a loop).

#### Returns

- string The absolute path of the generated PDF report
- *list* List of valid UUIDs for which the PDF report was generated; returns *None* if *html\_report\_path* is set

#### **Examples**

Generates a styled pandas dataframe with score matrix

This method will generate a styled pandas dataframe for the specified test results. Each row will correspond to a particular model instance, and the columns correspond to the test instances.

# Parameters

- **username** (*string*) Your HBP collaboratory username.
- **environment** (*string*, *optional*) Used to indicate whether being used for development/testing purposes. Set as *production* as default for using the production system, which is appropriate for most users. When set to *dev*, it uses the *development* system. For other values, an external config file would be read (the latter is currently not implemented).
- model\_list (*list*) List of model UUIDs or aliases for which score matrix is to be generated.
- **model\_instance\_list** (*list*) List of model instance UUIDs for which score matrix is to be generated.
- **test\_list** (*list*) List of test UUIDs or aliases for which score matrix is to be generated.
- **test\_instance\_list** (*list*) List of test instance UUIDs for which score matrix is to be generated.
- **result\_list** (*list*) List of result UUIDs for which score matrix is to be generated.
- **show\_links** (*boolean*, *optional*) To specify if hyperlinks to results are to be provided. If false, these data units will not have clickable hyperlinks.
- **round\_places** (*int*, *optional*) Specify to how many decimal places the scores should be rounded while displaying. No rounding done as default.
- **client\_obj** (*ModelCatalog/TestLibrary object*) Used to easily create a new ModelCatalog/TestLibrary object if either exist already. Avoids need for repeated authentications; improves performance. Also, helps minimize being blocked out by the authentication server for repeated authentication requests (applicable when running several tests in quick succession, e.g. in a loop).

**Note:** Only the latest score entry from specified input for a particular model instance and test instance combination will be selectedself. To get the raw (unstyled) dataframe, use get\_raw\_dataframe()

### Returns

- pandas.io.formats.style.Styler A 2-dimensional matrix representation of the scores
- list List of entries from specified input that could not be resolved and thus ignored

### **Examples**

hbp\_validation\_framework.utils.get\_raw\_dataframe (*styled\_df*) Creates DataFrame from output of :meth'generate score matrix'

This method creates a raw DataFrame objects from its styled variant as generated by :meth'generate\_score\_matrix'. The cell values in latter could contain additional data (i.e. result UUIDs) for creating hyperlinks. This is filtered out here such that the cell values only contain scores.

**Parameters styled\_df** (*pandas.io.formats.style.Styler*) – Styled DataFrame object generated by :meth'generate\_score\_matrix'

Returns A 2-dimensional matrix representation of the scores without any formatting

Return type pandas.core.frame.DataFrame

# **Examples**

>>> df = utils.get\_raw\_dataframe(styled\_df)

hbp\_validation\_framework.utils.display\_score\_matrix\_html (styled\_df=None,

Displays score matrix generated from :meth generate score matrix inside web browser

This method displays the scoring matrix generated by :meth'generate\_score\_matrix' inside a web browser. Input can either be the styled DataFrame object generated by :meth'generate\_score\_matrix' or the raw DataFrame object from :meth'get\_raw\_dataframe'.

### Parameters

- **styled\_df** (*pandas.io.formats.style.Styler*) Styled DataFrame object generated by :meth'generate\_score\_matrix'
- **df** (*pandas.core.frame.DataFrame*) DataFrame object generated by :meth'get\_raw\_dataframe'

Returns Does not return any data. JSON displayed inside web browser.

Return type None

### **Examples**

>>> utils.display\_score\_matrix\_html(styled\_df)

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